herringbone hat

by Kelly McClure

This textured hat is as fun to make as it is to wear. It's a great opportunity to use a variegated or hand-dyed yarn, but it also looks great in a solid colour.

The herringbone stitch is smooshy and stretchy making it very warm and snug. This enchanting hat is knit fairly loosely on large needles for excellent stitch definition. Add a large pom pom for a bit of extra fun.

This hat is knit from the bottom to the crown with a worsted weight yarn. This hat has three sizes and a visible seam.





Bohoknits Patterns

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The Technical Stuff



Skill Level: Rookie-Apprentice-Virtuoso-Genius

Skills: knit

Sizes: adult small (medium, large); shown in medium

Finished Measurements: medium is approx 22 cm wide and 18 cm tall lying flat; fits a 54 cm head

Gauge: approx 20 sts = 10 cm in St st on 5 mm as given on ball band

approx 24 sts and 20 rows = 10 cm in herringbone stitch on 8 mm

Yarn: worsted merino wool

Suggested Brand: 1 skein Urth *Uneek* 100% merino wool 200 m per 100 g shown in colour 4015

Needles: 8 mm 40 cm circs 8 mm dpns or size needed to obtain gauge

Other Materials: tapestry needle or teeny crochet hook; small piece of scrap yarn for stitch marker

Skill Level: Rookie-Apprentice-Virtuoso-Genius

Skills: knit

Sizes: adult small (medium, large); shown in medium

Finished Measurements: medium is approx 8.5" wide and 7" tall lying flat; fits a 21" head

Gauge: approx 20 sts = 4" in St st on US 8 as given on ball band

approx 24 sts and 20 rows = 4" in herringbone stitch on US 11

Yarn: worsted merino wool

Suggested Brand: 1 skein Urth *Uneek* 100% merino wool 220 yds per 3.5 oz shown in color 4015

Needles: US 11 16" circs US 11 dpns *or size needed to obtain gauge*

Other Materials: tapestry needle or teeny crochet hook; small piece of scrap yarn for stitch marker



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Instructions:

Tips:

• Keep your tension loose.

• Use scrap yarn as a stitch marker instead of a traditional ring marker, so it doesn't get caught in the K2togs.

Beginning at bottom with larger circs CO 100 (115, 130) sts (or a multiple of 5) with long-tail method (important - don't substitute a different cast on method).

Join in the rnd being careful not to twist sts. Pm for beg of rnd (see Tips above).

Herringbone Stitch:

Rnd 1 (left slanting): K2tog tbl slipping only the first st off the needle, rep to 1 st before m, remove m and replace here, K2tog tbl once more slipping only the first st off the needle. Continue with Rnd 2.

Rnd 2 (right slanting): K2tog slipping only the first st off the needle, rep to 1 st before m, remove m and replace here.

Rep Rows 1 and 2 until your hat measures approx 5-6" from CO.

Rep these two rnds until hat measures approx 5-6" from CO ending with a Rnd 1.

Decs:

Change to dpns when sts become too tight on circs.

Rnd 1 (right slanting): *K2tog slipping only the first st off the needle three times, K2tog (normal-ly)*, rep from * to * to end of rnd. 80/92/104

Rnd 2 (and all even rnds - left slanting): K2tog tbl slipping only the first st off the needle, rep to m, sl m, K2tog tbl once more. 60/69/78

Rnd 3: *K2tog slipping only the first st off the needle twice, K2tog (normally)*, rep from * to * to end of rnd. 40/46/52

Rnd 5: *K2tog slipping only the first st off the needle, K2tog (normally)*, rep from * to * to end of rnd. 20/23/26

Rnd 7+: K2tog (normally) until approx 8 sts rem.

Finishing:

Tie off and weave in ends. Block as desired. If using a natural fibre, gently dampening and ironing will help with the curling brim. Add a large pom pom if you like!





Resources:

Long Tail Cast On https://www.purlsoho.com/create/long-tail-cast-on/

abbreviations

approx = approximately	pm = place marker
beg = beginning	prev = previous
BO = bind off	psso = passover
BOR = beginning of round	pu = pick up
CC = contrasting colour	pwise = purlwise
ch = chain	rem = remaining
circ(s) = circular needle(s)	rep = repeat
cn = cable needle	rev St st = reverse stockinette stitch
CO = cast on	rnd(s) = round(s)
cont = continue	RS = right side
dc = double crochet	sc = single crochet
<pre>dpn(s) = double pointed needle(s)</pre>	sk = skip
dec(s) = decrease(s)	skp = slip one stitch, knit one stich, pass slipped stitch
foll = follow(ing)	over knitted stitch (decrease)
hdc = half-double crochet	sI = slip
hk = hook	sl1k = slip one stitch knitwise
inc = increase	<pre>sl1p = slip one stitch purlwise</pre>
incl = including	sl m = slip marker
K = knit	sp(s) = space(s)
K2tog = knit two stitches together (decrease)	ssk = slip, slip, knit two slipped stitches together
Kfb = knit into front and back of stitch (increase)	(decrease)
Ktbl = knit through back loop	sssk = slip, slip, slip, knit all slipped stitches together
kwise = knitwise	(double decrease)
lp(s) = loop(s)	st(s) = stitche(s)
m = marker	St st = stockinette stitch / stocking stitch
M1 = make one (increase)	tbl = through back loops
M1L = left slanting increase	tog = together
M1R = right slanting increase	WS = wrong side
MC = main colour	wyib = with yarn in back
P = purl	wyif = with yarn in front
P2tog = purl two stitches together (decrease)	YO = yarn over
patt = pattern	

